

# Pronombres de Objeto

## *Object Pronouns*

In English, the same pronouns are used for direct and indirect objects. In Spanish, slightly different pronouns are used for direct and indirect objects.

En inglés, se usan los mismos pronombres para objetos directos e indirectos. En español, los pronombres no son iguales para objetos directos e indirectos.

### Objetos Directos

#### *Direct Objects*

	Singular	Plural		singular	plural
First Person	<b>me</b>	<b>us</b>	primera persona	<b>me</b>	<b>nos</b>
Second Person	<b>thee</b>	<b>you</b>	segunda persona	<b>te</b>	<b>os</b>
	<b>you</b>			<b>lo</b>	<b>los</b>
Third Person	<b>him</b>	<b>them</b>	tercera persona	<b>lo</b>	<b>los</b>
	<b>her</b>			<b>la</b>	<b>las</b>
	<b>it</b>				

In both ancient and modern English, *you* is the only plural second-person object pronoun. In the *King James Version* of the Bible, *you* is never a subject pronoun. It is always a plural object pronoun, paired with the plural subject pronoun *ye*.

En el español correcto, los objetos directos de *usted* son *lo* y *la*. Algunas personas usan *le* (se llama [leísmo](#)) pero no es común.

### Objetos Indirectos

#### *Indirect Objects*

	Singular	Plural		singular	plural
First Person	<b>me</b>	<b>us</b>	primera persona	<b>me</b>	<b>nos</b>
Second Person	<b>thee</b>	<b>you</b>	segunda persona	<b>te</b>	<b>os</b>
	<b>you</b>			<b>le</b>	<b>les</b>
Third Person	<b>him</b>	<b>them</b>	tercera persona	<b>le</b>	<b>les</b>
	<b>her</b>				
	<b>it</b>				

## Reglas Rules

1. When using both direct and indirect object pronouns, they swap order, so that the indirect object pronoun is first.

*Él da el lapicero a nosotros.*  
*Él **nos lo** da.*

He gives the pencil to us.  
He gives **it** to **us**.

2. Somebody thought it sounded weird to say *le lo*, so anytime that would happen it is replaced by *se lo*.

*le lo → se lo*  
*le la → se la*  
*le los → se los*  
*le las → se las*

*les lo → se lo*  
*les la → se la*  
*les los → se los*  
*les las → se las*

3. When a verb is conjugated, the object pronouns are placed **before** the verb.

*Yo mandé la carta a ellas.*  
*Yo **se la** mandé.*

I sent the letter to them.  
I sent **it** to **them**.

4. When there are two verbs and the second is in the infinitive, you can choose to either place the object pronouns **before** the conjugated verb, or **attached to the end** of the infinitive verb. If needed, an accent mark should be written to maintain the accented syllable of the infinitive verb (this will always happen if there are two object pronouns).

*Yo quiero tirar la pelota a ti.*  
*Yo **te la** quiero tirar.*  
*Yo quiero tirá**rtela**.*

I want to throw the ball to you.  
I want to throw **it** to **you**.  
I want to throw **it** to **you**.